

The Lexington Intelligencer

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LEXINGTON, LAFAYETTE COUNTY, MISSOURI, FRIDAY, JULY 26, 1918.

NUMBER 32.

170 LAFAYETTE BOYS GO TO CAMP FUNSTON

Class 1 of The First Registration Now Practically Exhausted.

The largest crowd of the year was in Lexington Sunday afternoon to give a parting word to the 170 boys who left Monday morning for Camp Funston. This is the largest contingent that has been sent at any one time and takes practically all of the Class 1 men from the first registration.

The roll:

Henry Bohmeyer, Higginsville
Henry Scherloh, Higginsville
Wesley Smith, Lexington
Lloyd C. Newton
Oswald Bahr, Higginsville
Guy W. Bell, Waco, Nebraska
Samuel Mike, Lexington
Albert W. Rehkop, Higginsville
Herman Gustav Hofer, Higginsville
Alfred Niemeyer, Higginsville
Frank L. Schmidt, Alma
John E. C. Schumacher, Alma
Joshua N. Murry, Orrick
Theodore E. Guenther, Waverly
Tom F. Cunningham, Mayview
Walter O. Clemens, Wellington
Arthur L. Wegener, Parkville, Mo.
Charles M. Averman, Waverly
Cleo T. Hornbuckle, Aultville
William T. H. Lewis, Blackwater
Henry W. Maun, Wellington
Henry J. Noelle, Jr., Higginsville
Everett E. Shriver, Helena, Ark.
Henry O. J. Harris, Higginsville
Thomas James, Corder
Julius Vowark, Mayview
Joseph L. Long, Lexington
Watson W. Wade, Mayview
Loonie Barker, Odessa
Henry Stuenkel, Concordia
James Case, Lexington
William C. Miller, Concordia
Jewell E. Huffman, Lexington
Theodore Bredebeck, Alma
Edgar L. Green, Higginsville
Frank R. Stoener, Camden
Emil Hillebrenger, Alma
Howard B. Stone, Lexington
Orangie C. Waterman, Waverly
Andrew C. Gott, Odessa
Willie F. Varberg, Warrenton
Thomas H. Patterson, Lexington
Sterling W. Lieble, Brush, Col.
August Beggerman, Odessa
Frank E. Hank, Higginsville
Rudolph D. Kueck, Concordia
Otto F. Oberhelman, Lexington
Charles V. Hamilton, Napoleon
Ed Busch, Concordia
Otto E. Bodeker, Higginsville
Walter P. Miller, Hodge
Lorence H. Flene, Corder
John Campbell, Odessa
Julius M. Pringle, Concordia
Ernest H. A. Stuenkel, Jr., Con.
Thomas A. Kinnaman, Odessa
Samuel W. Eahrmeyer, Wellington
William F. Lyons, Higginsville
Paul Hartwig, Higginsville
Herman F. Mischon, Lexington

Louis J. Hineke, Concordia
Herbert Fischer, Concordia
Charles William Rush, Higginsville
Arthur A. Newman, Lexington
Eddie R. Cobb, Mayview
Alvin H. Brockman, Concordia
Henry F. Gassen, Hickman Mills
Graham Balles, Mayview
William Gray, Odessa
Gustav F. Duensing, Concordia
Willis Violet, Bates City
Dionysis Harris, Lexington
Henry A. Burfeind, Alma
Preston Rhodes, Alma
Albert E. Dyer, Higginsville
George Abring, Wellington
Volney V. Renick, Odessa
Arthur F. Bartman, Concordia
John Morris, Napoleon
Walter A. Larberg, Wellington
Edwin A. Rohman, Concordia
Adolph Sicker, Garden City
Herman H. Mulhaupt, Wellington
Otto R. Schmidt, Alma
Alvy McFadin, Lexington
Alvin L. Driver, Concordia
Henry L. Ray, Higginsville
Charles H. Kurtz, Alma
John E. Welsh, Concordia
Robert L. Stewart, Lexington
Edwin H. Meyer, Concordia
William F. Bohmeyer, Higginsville
Albert J. Duensing, Concordia
Arthur L. Rockhold, Hodge
Walter W. Fodersase, Higginsville
George D. Stumpenhans, Concordia
Charles F. Zoyasing, Waverly
Sephalaus F. Black, Corder
Adolph J. Schutte, Corder
Theodore Mueller, Higginsville
Charles W. VanTrump, Richmond
Edwin P. McAllister, Mayview
Bernhard Kueck, Concordia
Henry J. Vocat, Lexington
Albert J. Cretzmeyer, Lexington
Charles O. Bruergenjohn, May.
Roy F. Lieser, Concordia
John C. Alpers, Higginsville
Shedrick E. Bell, Lexington
William A. Cook, Concordia
Robert E. Davis, Odessa
Ernest H. Hineke, Corder
Arthur E. Steelman, Odessa
Harry O. Zoyasing, Waverly
James Bodenhamer, Higginsville
John W. Green, Aultville
August S. Riehoff, Corder
Leslie L. Prosser, Corder
August J. Luetkenhoelder, Nap.
Carl L. Gadt, Jr., Lexington
Robert L. Brown, Mayview
Chester Kosmiski, Higginsville
Jack Stoneking, Waverly
Roy F. Wieggers, Higginsville
Oscar H. Wulfekammer, Nap.
James H. Harris, Odessa
Thomas W. McCoy, Odessa
Ferdinand F. Barrot, Lexington
Frank James, Camden
Hubert E. Williams, Odessa
Roy L. Wilcox, Bates City
William J. Harris, Waverly
William B. Cooper, Jr., Waverly
William F. Schlake, Corder
Ellis L. Bray, Waverly
Edwin H. Evert, Emma
William C. Semler, Wellington
St. Clair Bosarth, Odessa
Harry F. Weiggers, Higginsville
Harry L. Petty, Corder

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Serious Auto Accident.

Saturday night about 9:30 o'clock James Shull, driving a Buick 6, collided with Clark Salyers, driving a Nash "6," on the Higginsville road between Joe Legg's and Palmer Sill's, and completely wrecked his car and sustained injuries which are very serious. Mr. Shull was returning from Higginsville where he had had his car for repairs and was accompanied by Misses Ruth Field and Stella McLain. Both young ladies escaped with minor bruises. Drs. Ryland and Fredendall went to the scene of the wreck and found Mr. Shull so badly injured that the ambulance was summoned to bring him home. His injuries which are almost of every conceivable nature, makes it impossible to predict the outcome.

At the present writing Mr. Shull is making satisfactory progress.

Who Is The Thief?

The theft of several articles of value and some cash was reported Thursday afternoon from the Morris Hotel. Wednesday night the hotel was crowded with boys who belonged to the quota which left Thursday morning for Jefferson Barracks. Miss Theodocia Morris, daughter of the proprietor, being away from home, her room was given to a couple of the boys. She returned in the afternoon and on going to her room soon discovered that several articles of her jewelry were missing including a necklace, earrings, a small silver picture frame and about \$6.00 in cash. The necklace and earrings were set with diamonds and were of considerable value. As soon as the theft was discovered, Mr. Morris notified the authorities at Jefferson Barracks of what had taken place and gave the names of the boys occupying the room.

River Claims Another.

The body of a woman was found in the river at Napoleon Friday, who was found to be Jennie Stipic of Kansas City, Kansas. This name was found on her clothing and later the chief of police of Kansas City, Kansas, confirmed the identification. It is believed she committed suicide.

Thalbot Suspends Publication

The Higginsville Thalbot, the only German language newspaper in this part of the country, has suspended publication. The Thalbot was founded in Lexington in 1871, but since 1892 has been published in Higginsville. R. P. Sevin and F. W. Bruening were the publishers.

Cecil Jenkins Returns to U. S.

Mrs. J. B. Jenkins received a telegram Friday morning from her son, Cecil, announcing his safe arrival at New York, and that he was in the army hospital at Ellis Island. Mr. Jenkins is in the Aviation Corps. He was injured May 10th, somewhere in France and was invalided home.

Lexington Boy Saved When San Diego Went Down.

E. M. Popejoy has received word that his son, Birdie Popejoy, who was on the San Diego when the vessel was blown up and sunk off Long Island, was saved and had arrived safely in New York.

Mrs. Roscoe Moorman of Kansas City, is a guest of her sister, Mrs. R. P. Hicks.

Motor Truck Takes a Header.

The large motor truck belonging to Mrs. F. R. Neet was left standing Tuesday evening at the corner of Ninth and Main Sts., with the emergency brake set. A young son of Mr. and Mrs. William James was playing on the front seat and whether he in some way released the brake no one will ever know. However, the truck started down the hill, crashed through the big door to the Lambert Lumber Company's driveway and brought up into a pile of flooring. It made kindling wood of the door and did considerable damage to the pile of flooring. The damage to the truck was considerable. The little boys was picked up from under the debris with but few minor cuts and bruises.

Death of Mrs. Martha J. Utt.

Mrs. Martha J. Utt, widow of the late Joseph Utt, former resident of this city, died Tuesday morning at the family home, 4637 East Ninth Street, Kansas City. Mrs. Utt was 77 years of age. She is survived by two daughters, Miss Birdie Utt and Mrs. Martha Kohlman of Kansas City, and four sons, Albert of Kansas City, and Benjamin, Joseph and Lincoln of this city. The funeral was at the home in Kansas City Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. Burial was in Lexington.

Narrowly Escape Death.

Tuesday morning at 7 o'clock three Italians, Lorenzo and G. DeLagan and Louis Pedda were on their way to the mines and when crossing the Missouri Pacific tracks a freight train backed into them wrecking their wagon and injuring the horse so that it will have to be killed. The men were very fortunate in escaping with slight bruises.

Athletics 6; Sedalia 1.

A large crowd gathered at the Athletic Park Sunday afternoon to watch the home boys tame the Sedaliaites.

"Brooks" Hale, a favorite with Lexington fans was on the firing line for the Athletics and was invincible. In the seventh he eased up a little; the visitors making two hits, the only ones they were permitted to make during the game.

The fifth inning was a luscious one for the locals. The bases were gouged when "Dutch" Loring leaned against the pill for a circuit drive. The ball is still going.

The Athletics have secured the strong Funston-Electrics for their game next Sunday afternoon. This team is classed with the Schmelzer's. House, one of the best semi-pro pitchers of Kansas City, does their flinging. Our old favorite, "Brooks" Hale, will be on the mound for the Athletics.

Talked Himself Into Trouble.

Deputy Sheriff Fred Slickerman of Concordia, brought a young German by the name of Heistenberg to Lexington Tuesday evening and placed him in the county jail. He is charged with seditious remarks and will be held for examination by U. S. authorities.

Death of Mrs. Mary Vaughan.

Mrs. Mary Vaughan, widow of the late Dr. Winston Vaughan, died Sunday at her home in Topeka, Kansas. The body was brought here for burial, and the funeral was held at the Episcopal church Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Frank Hayman Quits Hamlin

Former State Senator, says that 7th District Congressman's Record on Munitions Embargo Act Disqualifies Him For His Support.

Houstonia, Mo., July 9th, 1918. The Democrat, Sedalia, Mo.

Dear Sirs: I have just read in your issue of June 30th the article written by Mr. Hamlin under the caption "C. W. Hamlin Makes Reply." Mr. Hamlin and I were candidates for congress and the state senate on the same ticket more than ten years ago. From that day to this we have been intimate friends, and I have supported him in every election. I have never received at his hands anything but the most courteous and considerate treatment, and have always felt towards him the sentiments that are naturally generated by such treatment.

I also served in the state senate in the same session with Senator Major, and I entertain the highest regard both for his character and ability. But when he became a candidate against Mr. Hamlin, while it was a choice between two friends, I did not waver in my support of Mr. Hamlin. At the beginning of the present contest I received a letter from Senator Major, soliciting my support, which he requested me to answer. My answer was to the effect that while it was a contest between two good friends, I intended to continue my allegiance to Mr. Hamlin.

I wrote to him (Major) recently that I had changed my mind on the subject and promised him my support. Mr. Hamlin's elaborate defense of his record barely mentions the one act of his which has disqualified him for my support, if he were my own brother. It was a speech which he made in February, 1916. Mr. Hamlin, in commenting on this speech makes the following statement:

"Everybody knows that Mr. Major was a candidate against me two years ago this summer. That speech not only appeared in the congressional record, but I had 20 thousand copies of it printed, and distributed over the district. If Mr. Major thought my position was wrong and merited condemnation, why did he not then raise the issue in that campaign? At that time it was a live issue. It is ancient history now."

Senator Major has not authorized me to answer this question for him, but I suspect that he will make about the same answer that I would make if the same question were put to me in the same form, namely, that I was not one of the twenty thousand of his constituents to whom he decided to send one of these charming little pamphlets, and was therefore absolutely ignorant of their existence, or what they contained.

And yet I have been an intimate friend of Mr. Hamlin's for about twelve years. My first knowledge in regard to it came through an article in the Kansas City Star. It was written by a subscriber of the paper, by way of comment on that part of our Missouri representatives in congress who had painted themselves yellow by their record in congress since the war began.

Among others it quoted an extract from a speech of Mr. Hamlin's made in congress on February, 1916. This extract was so entirely out of line with every speech and every private talk I had heard from Mr. Hamlin that I wrote to the Star and inquired whether they had verified the quotation from the congressional record containing the full speech. The Star answered that they had verified it. I then wrote him to send me the congressional record containing the full speech. In that speech he declared in favor of putting an embargo on munitions of war. It bristled with personal abuse of American munition makers, but not one word of adverse criticism of the Kaiser and his Hun, who had been murdering American men and women on the sea for about two years. It was dated February 14th, which is St. Valentine's day, and might well be taken by them as a token of the affection and high regard felt for them by the representatives of the Seventh Missouri district in congress. He was so proud of what he had done that he mailed 20,000 copies of his valentine to such of his constituents as he thought would be pleased with it. I would like to see that bunch lined up. I hope he was mistaken about most of them.

While Mr. Hamlin does not state that President Wilson endorsed his record in regard to an embargo on munitions, he implies throughout the pamphlet that he has had the approval of the president for his entire record in congress. If President Wilson did approve of this particular act it would not change my mind in the least, because I form my opinions on my own judgment and not on the mere authority of any other man, not even when as in this case, I consider that man the intellectual and moral peer of any man living. But I feel so sure that Mr. Wilson would never at any time have approved of an embargo on munitions, or put his signature to a bill of that kind, that I will give one hundred dollars to any public cause that Mr. Hamlin will name when he can procure a verbal or written statement from the president that there ever was a time that such a measure would have met his approval or obtained his signature. Mr. Hamlin admits that the citizens of a neutral nation have a perfect right under international law to sell munitions to the belligerents the same as any other kind of supplies that they may need. To quote his own words, "It is international law and international practice." He might also have stated truthfully that Germany always has had munitions to sell, and has always sold to belligerents in the wars in which she did not participate. In the war between the British and Boers she sold munitions to both belligerents. In our war with Spain, she sold munitions to Spain. Why does Mr. Hamlin omit to state these facts? And why also was he silent in regard to the fact that the German U-boats from the beginning of the war had been murdering our citizens on the high seas not in accordance with international law?

(Continued on Page 2)



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